

South African Museums Association

Recommended Norms and Standards for the Operating of Museums during Covid-19

According to regulations published in the Government Gazette, no 660 of 26 June 2020, museums may reopen, subject to strict adherence to all health protocols and social distancing measures as provided for by Minister of Sports, Arts and Culture.

To assist museums to comply with government guidelines and international museum practice, SAMA has issued recommended norms and standards for museums related to Covid-19. The purpose of the norms and standards is to augment, not replace, government regulations.

Museums have an ethical obligation towards their publics to provide a safe space. In the context of the Covid-19 pandemic, this means that museums must be seen to put protocols in place to protect both the public and the staff and those protocols should be trusted as adequate to protect the health of the public and staff.

This means clear signage visible throughout the facility and visible implementation of protocols to assure the public that protocols are in place and adhered to.

1. Policies and Procedures:

Use policies and procedures to keep people at a safe physical distance (1.5 m) from one another.

1.1	Update existing policies and	Your disaster plan must make provision for action if one of the staff members or
	operational manuals to comply with	visitors test positive.
	Covid-19 measures	Human resources policies and operational procedures should be updated with:
		• leave and work arrangements for staff with risk profiles (60 years and older,
		people suffering from comorbidities);
		leave and work arrangements if a staff member has been in contact with a
		person suffering from Covid-19 and has to self-isolate;
		• Protective measures and actions such as wearing PPE, cough etiquette,
		personal hygiene. Establish protocols for addressing and, as appropriate,
		de-escalating noncompliance incidents.
		Ensure that all staff are inducted in the regulations (Government as well as
		museum protocols), understand the need to take them seriously and implement
		what is required of them for their own good and the good of others.
		Update and implement housekeeping procedures and schedules to make
		provision for cleaning of the site as recommended below.

1.2	Communicate Covid-19 policy and procedures clearly	Publish new policy and procedures on social and media platforms.
		Install signage at the entrance and throughout the facility.
1.3	Limit the number of staff and visitors	Allow staff to work from home if their duties allows for them to do so.
		Use online meetings where possible
		Continue to use digital communication formats such as webinars and social
		media instead of events at the museum where possible.
1.4	Have a Covid-19 plan in place that	Limit the number of visitors to ensure that visitors and staff can maintain a
	indicates the maximum number of	distance of 1.5 meters between each other. The number of visitors will be
	people that can be safely	determined by the size of the museum.
	accommodated in your spaces.	Only allow groups if it can be done while maintaining a 1.5 meter distance.
		Consider the group's ability to maintain social distancing – it will be difficult if not
		impossible to manage groups of younger children.
		Consider allowing access by appointment to ensure occupancy limits are
		adhered to.
		Every employer must arrange the workplace to ensure minimal contact between
		workers and as far as practicable ensure that there is a minimum of 1.5 metres
		between workers while they are working, for example, at their workstations.
		If it is not practicable to arrange work stations to be spaced at least 1.5 metres
		apart, the employer must

		 (1) Arrange physical barriers to be placed between work stations or erected on work stations to form a solid physical barrier between workers while they are working and (2)Supply the employee free of charge with appropriate PPE based on a risk assessment of the working place (see section 4)
1.5	Protect staff against internal transfer	Consider creating groups/teams of workers who work together and who do not
	of the virus by enforcing social	interact with other groups/teams. In other words, consider staff working on a
	distancing	rotational basis. This will assist in reducing transmission throughout the
		workplace in the event of a staff member becoming ill. It will also limit the staff
		members at the museum at a given time.
		Staff must not get together at lunch or tea times, unless they can be relied on to
		maintain distances. Create a place for this, which is visible.
		It is recommended that staff 60 years and older as well as staff suffering from co-
		morbidities should continue to work from home.

2. Engineering controls

Install physical distancing barriers

2.1	Manage the flow of people	Manage the flow of people by implementing one-way walkways or marking off
		designated walking areas.
		Consider having limited points of entry. If you have more than one door, consider
		designating doors for entry and exit.
2.2	Minimize contact between workers	Provide physical barriers where it is not possible to maintain physical distancing
	as well as	of 1.5 meters. For example, use plexiglass barriers at the admission desk.
	between workers and members of	
	the public	
2.3	Create a no-touch environment by	Provide information to visitors via websites, provide online ticket sales where
	limiting physical exchange of	possible and provide digital visitor guides and programmes rather than printed
	materials	guides and information
		Consider ways to limit the handling of cash and cards, i.e. allowing visitors to give
		donations instead of paying admission fees.

3. Administrative controls:

Establish rules and guidelines such as access controls, cleaning protocols and disinfecting schedules.

2.4	Access for stoff	All staff are to be subject to Covid 10 risk someoning at the start of each day. This
3.1	Access for staff	All staff are to be subject to Covid-19 risk screening at the start of each day. This
		entails:
		Ascertaining whether they have suffered from any of the following symptoms
		associated with Covid-19: fever, cough, sore throat, redness of eyes, shortness
		of breath or difficulty in breathing, body aches, loss of smell or loss of taste,
		nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, fatigue, weakness or tiredness. Temperature
		readings for each staff member in the morning, which needs to be recorded on
		a daily checklist.
		• Staff displaying symptoms and/or have a temperature above 37.3° should be
		send home.
		Staff with symptoms should arrange to be tested for Covid-19.
		All museum staff must wash or sanitise their hands upon entering the building, and
		each time upon passing a sanitisation station. In addition to regular sanitising, taps
		should be washed during hand washing.
		Staff have to wear facemasks at work at all times.

Access for visitors Create a code of conduct for visitors. Place signage explaining access conditions and behaviour protocols (such as no touching, maintaining social distancing) at the entrance and throughout the facility. Establish protocols for addressing and, as appropriate, de-escalating noncompliance incidents. All museum visitors and guests should have their temperature read prior to purchasing an admission ticket and/or entering the museum. Visitors with a temperature of 37.3°, or any of the known Covid-19 symptoms, should be denied entry into the museum. All visitors must wear facemasks. Visitors, who refuse to wear facemasks, must be denied entry into the museum. No exceptions should be allowed. Visitor signage must be place at the museum entrance in this regard. Keep a register of visitors, their temperature and contact details, and signature of visitor. Anyone not complying to be refused entry. Visitor's hands should be sanitised before entering and leaving the museum. Restrict or limit personal items being stored in coat rooms and baggage holding areas.

3.3	Personal hygiene	Wash your hands using good hygiene practices after touching common items such
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		as money and throughout the day
		Sanitisers (minimum 60% alcohol-based) should be available throughout the
		building for staff and visitors.
		Use disposable paper towels - do not share towels. Used paper towels should be
		thrown away in a bin.
		All staff and visitors have to adhere to Covid-19 cough etiquette. Visitors who do
		not adhere to cough etiquette can be asked to leave the museum facilities.
		Bumping fists or elbows should not take place. Each can transfer viruses
		deposited on skin or clothing.
3.4	Avoid transfer of the virus through	Staff should not share tools and equipment. Where this is not possible, tools and
	touching infected materials	equipment should be disinfected before being used by a different person. This
		includes computer keyboards, photocopier touch screens, buzzers etc.
		Tips:
		Shared keyboards can be wrapped in clingfilm for each user, allowing for the next person on
		shift to have their keyboard to be wrapped in fresh clingfilm (prior to the previous user
		removing theirs).
		Use the back of a pen/pencil for electronic keys working with pressure (e.g. alarm key pads)

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	Prohibit the use of high-touch displays through signage or physical barriers. If they
	remain in use consider the following controls:
	Install hand sanitising stations near displays.
	Increase the cleaning frequency of all touch displays.
	Keep the museum facilities well ventilated by natural or mechanical means to
	reduce the Covid-19 viral load.
Cleaning the facility	Facilities should be cleaned every day before the start and after closing time.
	Shorter opening times can be considered to enable additional cleaning.
	Regular cleaning of museum facilities is a priority, but care must be taken that it is
	not carried out in a manner that poses a risk to the collection (or building if the
	museum is housed in a heritage protected building).
	Employees must disinfect their desks and workplaces when starting and ending
	their workday.
	Restrooms break rooms, and common areas are to be cleaned daily and sanitised
	after each use. The cleaning of these areas must be recorded and monitored by
	the use of a signed cleaning log.
	Community spaces such as the kitchen and restrooms must be sanitised before
	and after use.
	Cleaning the facility

Take special care to clean objects and materials that may be touched by visitors,
even inadvertently. Preferably, this should be done after each visitor, but at least
once every hour. These include door knobs, exhibition cases and labels, pens,
stairway railings.
Dispose of potentially contaminated materials (e.g. used paper towels) regularly.

4. Personal Protective Equipment:

Provide workers with personal protective equipment (PPE). PPE should not be used as the only control measure. It should only be used in combination with other measures. It is the responsibility of the employer to supply PPE at no cost to the employee.

- 4.1 Provide facemasks to staff that must be worn correctly at all times. Ensure that all staff is informed in the correct use of cloth masks. The facemask should:
 - Reach above the nose, below the chin, and completely cover the mouth and nostrils
 - Fit snugly against the sides of the face
 - Be made of multiple layers of fabric that you can still breathe through
 - Be able to be laundered and machine dried without damaging the material or shape
- 4.2 Provide disposable latex gloves to cleaning staff.
- 4.3 Hand sanitizers (minimum 60% alcohol- based) should be available at the entrance, offices and where possible throughout the building. Staff and visitors should be encouraged to clean their hands regularly.
- 4.4 Provide soap, paper towels and disposal bins.
- 4.5 | Provide non-contact digital thermometers.